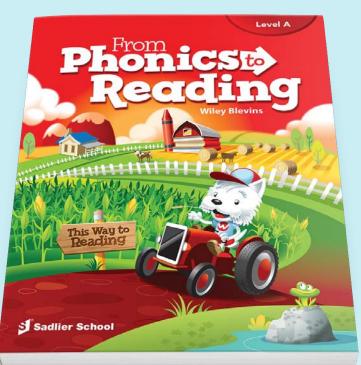
## Sadlier School

## From Phonics to Reading

Correlation to the Maryland College and Career Ready Standards for English Language Arts





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# Reading Foundational Skills Standards Print Concepts 2 Phonological Awareness 3 Phonics and Word Recognition 7 Fluency 27

#### Language Standards





## Sadlier, School

### **READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS STANDARDS**

#### **Print Concepts**

MARYLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 - EXAMPLE CITATIONS
RF.1.1 Demonstrate understanding of the organization and basic features of print. <ul> <li>a. Recognize the distinguishing features of a sentence (e.g., first word, capitalization, ending punctuation).</li> </ul>	TEACHER'S EDITION         Print Concepts         Understanding How Sentences Work         Use sentences from the lesson Take-Home Book to review proper sentence construction.         For example:         Point out that every sentence must begin with a capital letter and end with an end mark. Ask: What word should we capitalize in this sentence?         (TE p. 17)         • Unit 1, Lesson 1, TE p. 17         For example:         Point out that a sentence must end with a punctuation mark. Ask: What end mark do we use for this sentence? Is the sentence telling us something?         Or, is it asking a question? Review the names and use of periods and question marks. (TE p. 219)         • Unit 4, Lesson 15, TE p. 219         For example:         Point out the last sentence on page 4. Ask: What end mark is used in this sentence? Yes, an exclamation point. How does it help us read this sentence? Source children to understand that an exclamation point helps to show strong feeling. (TE p. 333)         • Unit 5, Lesson 23, TE p. 333         TE DIGITAL RESOURCES*         Differentiation Supports         Additional Routines         Teacher's Guide to Print Concepts         Supporting Instruction of Print Concepts         Sentences         Tell students that sentences start with uppercase letters and end with punctuation marks. like periods, question marks, and exclamation marks.



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### **READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS STANDARDS**

#### **Phonological Awareness**

MARY	'LAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 - EXAMPLE CITATIONS
RF.1.2	Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes). a. Distinguish long from short vowel sounds in spoken single-syllable words.	TEACHER'S EDITION         Phonemic Awareness         Distinguish Long and Short Vowel Sounds         For example:         Tell children you will say a word. If the word has the long a sound /ā/, they should stand up tall; if the word has the short a sound /a/, they should remain sitting. Use these words: say, rain, man, chain, sad, tap, play, brain, paid, stay, wait, bag, tail, pail, fan, ran.(TE p. 217)         • Unit 3, Lesson 12, TE p. 173         • Unit 4, Lesson 15, TE p. 2171 <b>TEDIGITAL RESOURCES* Overview</b> Phonological Awareness Scope and Sequence Rationale <b>Five Basic Types of Activities</b> Activity Type 2: Oddity Tasks (phoneme categorization)         • Medial sounds (long vowels), p. 3 <b>Professional Development</b> Instructional Support by Wiley Blevins <b>Phonological Awareness (video)</b> Task Type 2: Oddity Tasks (categorization)         Medial sounds (long vowels)         Medial sounds (short vowel
RF.1.2	<ul><li>Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes).</li><li>b. Orally produce single-syllable words by blending sounds (phonemes), including consonant blends.</li></ul>	<ul> <li>STUDENT EDITION/TEACHER'S EDITION</li> <li>Introduction</li> <li>Learn and Blend/Blend It</li> <li>Children orally produce single-syllable words by blending sounds, including consonant blends.</li> <li>For example:</li> <li>I-Blends Tell children they will be blending, or putting together, sounds to make words. Say the following sound sequences:</li> <li>/b////o//k/ /k////o//k/ /k/////b/ /g////a//d/</li> <li>/s/ /l/ /e/ /d/ /s/ /l/ /p/ /f/ /l/ /o/ /p/ /p/ /l/ /a/ /n/</li> <li>Ask children to blend the sounds together to make a word. Provide corrective feedback by modeling how to stretch together (or sing) the sounds. Introduce the sound-spelling for I-blends in Learn and Blend. (TE p. 81)</li> <li>Lesson 1: Short a <ul> <li>Unit 1, Lesson 1, TE p. 9</li> <li>Lesson 6: I-Blends</li> <li>Unit 2, Lesson 6, SE/TE p. 81</li> <li>Lesson 8: r-Blends</li> <li>Unit 2, Lesson 8, SE/TE p. 109</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
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### **READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS STANDARDS**

#### **Phonological Awareness**

MARYLAND	COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 - EXAMPLE CITATIONS
syll b.	continued monstrate understanding of spoken words, lables, and sounds (phonemes). Orally produce single-syllable words by blending sounds (phonemes), including consonant blends.	continued TE DIGITAL RESOURCES* Overview Phonological Awareness Scope and Sequence Rationale Modeling the Tasks Oral Blending Routine (Sound by Sound) Lesson includes Step 1: Introduce Step 2: Model (1 Do) Step 3: Guided Practice/Practice (We Do/You Do) Corrective Feedback Multimodal and Multisensory Supports. • Page 5 Professional Development Instructional Guides Instructional Routines Booklet Routine 8: Phonemic Awareness: Oral Blending Routine 8: Phonemic Awareness: Oral Blending Routine Steps and resources include Step 1: Introduce Step 2: Model (1 Do) Step 3: Guided Practice/Practice (We Do/You Do) Sample Teacher Talk Corrective Feedback Multimodal and Multisensory Supports. • Page 18 Assessment Benchmark (PDF) Phonemic Awareness Assessment: Part 7: Blending Phonemic Awareness Assessment: Individual Scoring Sheet Phonemic Awareness Assessment: Class Record Sheet
syll c.	monstrate understanding of spoken words, lables, and sounds (phonemes). Isolate and pronounce initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes), in spoken single-syllable words.	<ul> <li>TEACHER'S EDITION</li> <li>Phonemic Awareness</li> <li>Oral Segmentation</li> <li>Children isolate and pronounce initial, medial vowel, and final sounds as they segment spoken one-syllable words sound by sound.</li> <li>For example:</li> <li>Say the following words, one at a time: see; each; keep; team; beach; east; keeps; clear; dreams. Ask children to segment each word sound by sound, then count the number of sounds. Provide corrective feedback by modeling how to segment the word using sound boxes and counters. Stretch the sounds in the word. Place one counter in each box as you move from sound to sound. (TE p. 229)</li> <li>Lesson 9: Digraphs sh, th</li> <li>Unit 2, Lesson 9, TE p. 127</li> <li>Lesson 16: Long e (ee, ea)</li> <li>Unit 4, Lesson 16, TE p. 229</li> <li>Lesson 30: Long e (y, ey, ie)</li> <li>Unit 6, Lesson 30, TE p. 429</li> </ul>
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### **READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS STANDARDS**

#### **Phonological Awareness**

MAR	YLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 - EXAMPLE CITATIONS
RF.1.2	Continued Continued Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes). c. Isolate and pronounce initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes), in spoken single-syllable words.	continued TE DIGITAL RESOURCES* Overview Phonological Awareness Scope and Sequence Rationale Five Basic Types of Activities Activity Type 2: Oddity Tasks (phoneme categorization) Beginning consonants Ending consonants Medial sounds (long vowels) Medial sounds (long vowels) Medial sounds (short vowels) Modeling the Tasks Oral Segmentation Routine (Sound by Sound) Lesson includes Step 1: Introduce Step 2: Model (I Do) Step 3: Guided Practice/Practice (We Do/You Do) Corrective Feedback Connect to Spelling Multimodal and Multisensory Supports. • Pages 6–7 Professional Development High-Impact Routines by Wiley Blevins Phonological Awareness (video)
		Step 2: Model (I Do) Step 3: Guided Practice/Practice (We Do/You Do) Corrective Feedback Connect to Spelling Multimodal and Multisensory Supports. • Pages 6-7 <b>Professional Development</b> High-Impact Routines by Wiley Blevins
		Oddity Tasks (categorization) Beginning consonants Ending consonants Medial sounds (long vowels) Medial sounds (short vowels) Media sounds (consonants) Assessment Benchmark (PDF)
		Phonemic Awareness Assessment Part 3: Initial Sounds Part 4: Final Sounds Part 5: Medial Sounds Phonemic Awareness Assessment: Individual Scoring Sheet Phonemic Awareness Assessment: Class Record Sheet

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### **READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS STANDARDS**

#### **Phonological Awareness**

<ul> <li>RF.1.2 Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes).</li> <li>d. Segment spoken single-syllable words into their complete sequence of individual sounds (phonemes).</li> <li>TEACHER'S EDITION         Phonemic Awareness         Oral Segmentation         Children they will be segmenting, or breaking apart, words. Say the following words, one at a time: on; got; pop; job; pots; logs. Ask children to segment ach word sound by sound, then count the number of sounds. Provide corrective feedback by modeling how to segment the word sound by sound, the oraunt the number of sounds. The court the number of sounds. The court is each on the sound of the sound. The achd on the sound of the sound of the sound of the sound. The achd on the segment tack word sound by sound the sound. (TE p. 41)         <ul> <li>Unit 2, Lesson 6, TE pp. 85, 92</li> <li>Unit 2, Lesson 6, TE pp. 85, 92</li> <li>Unit 2, Lesson 7, TE pp. 85, 92</li> <li>Unit 2, Lesson 7, TE pp. 85, 92</li> <li>Unit 2, Lesson 8, TE pp. 127, 134</li> </ul> </li> <li>TEDIGTAL RESOURCES*         <ul> <li>Oral Segmentation Routine (Sound by Sound)</li> <li>Lesson includes</li> <li>Step 1: Introduce</li> <li>Step 2: Model (LDD)</li> <li>Step 3: Guided Practice/Practice (We Da/You Do)</li> <li>Cornective Feedback</li> <li>Connect to Spelling</li> <li>Multimodal and Multisensory Supports.</li> <li>Pages 6-7</li> </ul> </li> <li>Professional Development</li> <li>Instructional Guides</li> <li>Instructional Guides</li> <li>Instructional Guides</li> </ul> <li>Instructional Guides</li> <li>Instructional Guides</li> <li>Instructional Guides</li> <li>Step 2: Model (I Do)</li> <li>Step 2: Model (I Do)</li> <ul> <li>Step 2: Guided Practice/Practic</li></ul>	MARYLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 - EXAMPLE CITATIONS
Connective Feedback Connect to Spelling Multimodal and Multisensory Supports. • Pages 19-20 Assessment Benchmark (PDF) Phonemic Awareness Assessment Part 6: Segmentation Phonemic Awareness Assessment: Individual Scoring Sheet Phonemic Awareness Assessment: Class Record Sheet	syllables, and sounds (phonemes). d. Segment spoken single-syllable words into their complete sequence of individual sounds	<ul> <li>Phonemic Awareness</li> <li>Oral Segmentation</li> <li>Children segment spoken single-syllable words. For example: Tell children they will be segmenting, or breaking apart, words. Say the following words, one at a time: on; got; pop; job; pots; logs. Ask children to segment each word sound by sound, then count the number of sounds. Provide corrective feedback by modeling how to segment the word using sound boxes and counters. Stretch the sounds in the word. Place one counter in each box as you move from sound to sound. (TE p. 41)</li> <li>Unit 1, Lesson 3, TE pp. 41, 48</li> <li>Unit 2, Lesson 6, TE pp. 85, 92</li> <li>Unit 2, Lesson 9, TE pp. 127, 134</li> </ul> <b>TEDIGITAL RESOURCEs* Overview</b> Phonological Awareness Scope and Sequence Rationale Modeling the Tasks <b>Oral Segmentation Routine (Sound by Sound)</b> Lesson includes Step 3: Introduce Step 3: Guided Practice/Practice (We Do/You Do) Corrective Feedback Connect to Spelling Multimodal and Multisensory Supports. <ul> <li>Pages 6-7</li> </ul> <b>Professional Development</b> Instructional Routines Booklet <ul> <li>Routine Steps and resources include</li> <li>Step 1: Introduce</li> <li>Step 2: Model (I Do)</li> <li>Step 3: Guided Practice/Practice (We Do/You Do)</li> <li>Corrective Feedback</li> <li>Connect to Spelling</li> <li>Multimodal and Multisensory Supports.</li> <li>Pages 6-7</li> </ul> <b>Professional Development</b> Instructional Routines Booklet <ul> <li>Routine Steps and resources include</li> <li>Step 1: Introduce</li> <li>Step 2: Model (I Do)</li> <li>Step 3: Guided Practice/Practice (We Do/You Do)</li> <li>Sample Teacher Talk</li> <li>Corrective Feedback</li> <li>Connect to Spelling</li> <li>Multimodal and Multisensory Supports.</li> <li>Pages 19-20</li> </ul> <b>Assessment</b> Benchmark (PDF) <b>Phonemic Awareness Assessment</b> : Individual Scoring Sheet





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### **READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS STANDARDS**

MARYLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 - EXAMPLE CITATIONS
<ul> <li>RF.1.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.</li> <li>a. Know the spelling-sound correspondences for common consonant digraphs.</li> </ul>	STUDENT EDITION/TEACHER'S EDITION         Introduction         Learn and Blend/Blend It         Lesson 9: Digraphs sh, th         • Unit 2, Lesson 9, SE/TE p. 123         Lesson 10: Digraphs ch, tch, wh         • Unit 2, Lesson 10, SE/TE p. 137         Lesson 11: Digraphs ng, nk         • Unit 2, Lesson 11, SE/TE p. 151         Read Connected Text         Connected Text/Interact with the Text         For example:         Directions: Mark the text.         1. Circle all the words with ch.         2. Draw a box around the word with wh.         (SE/TE p. 139)         Lesson 9: Digraphs sh, th         "This and That"         • Unit 2, Lesson 9, SE/TE p. 125         Lesson 10: Digraphs ng, nk         "Our Dog Butch"         • Unit 2, Lesson 10, SE/TE p. 139         Lesson 11: Digraphs ng, nk         "The Rink"         • Unit 2, Lesson 10, SE/TE p. 139         Lesson 11: Digraphs ng, nk         "The Rink"         • Unit 2, Lesson 10, SE/TE p. 153         Word Sort         Sort It Out         • Unit 2, Lesson 10, SE/TE p. 126         • Unit 2, Lesson 10, SE p.14/TE pp. 141-42         • Unit 2, Lesson 10, SE p. 14/TE pp. 141-42         • Unit 2, L
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### **READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS STANDARDS**

#### **Phonics and Word Recognition**

MARYLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1

FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 - EXAMPLE CITATIONS

continued	continued
continued RF.1.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. a. Know the spelling-sound correspondences for common consonant digraphs.	continued Read Connected Text Take-Home Book Lesson 9: Digraphs sh, th "The Big Wish" • Unit 2, Lesson 9, SE/TE pp. 129-130 Lesson 10: Digraphs ch, tch, wh "Will We Win?" • Unit 2, Lesson 10, SE/TE pp. 143-144 Lesson 11: Digraphs ng, nk "The King's Song" • Unit 2, Lesson 11, SE/TE pp. 157-158 Independent Practice Read and Write • Unit 2, Lesson 10, SE/TE p. 157-158 Independent Practice Read and Write • Unit 2, Lesson 10, SE/TE p. 134 • Unit 2, Lesson 10, SE/TE p. 162 Cumulative Review Build Fluency • Unit 2, Lesson 11, SE/TE p. 162 Word Ladder • Unit 2, Lesson 10, SE/TE p. 147 • Unit 2, Lesson 10, SE/TE p. 148 • Unit 2, Lesson 10, SE/TE p. 182 • Unit 2, Lesson 10, SE/TE p. 183 • Unit 2, Lesson 10, SE/TE p. 184 • Unit 2, Lesson 10, SE/TE p. 187 Digraphs sh, th • Unit 2, Lesson 10, SE/TE p. 187 Digraphs ch, tch, wh • Unit 2, Lesson 10, TE p. 137 Digraphs ng, nk • Unit 2, Lesson 11, TE p. 151 Word Sort Open Sort/Closed Sort/Check and Discuss For example: Closed Sort Tell children write the words in the correct column. Circulate and ask children write the words in the correct column. Circulate and ask children write the words in the correct column. Circulate and ask children write the words in the correct column. Circulate and ask children write the words in the correct column. Circulate and ask children write the words in the correct column. Circulate and ask children write the words in the correct column. Circulate and ask children write the words in the correct column. Circulate and ask children write the words in the correct column. Circulate and ask children write the words in the correct column. Circulate and ask children write the words in the correct column. Circulate and ask children write the words in the correct col
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### **READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS STANDARDS**

#### **Phonics and Word Recognition**

MARYLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 - EXAMPLE CITATIONS
MARYLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1         continued         RF.1.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.         a. Know the spelling-sound correspondences for common consonant digraphs.	continued Sound-Spelling/Blending Cumulative Quick Check • Unit 2, Lesson 9, TE pp. 127, 129, 132, 134 • Unit 2, Lesson 10, TE pp. 141, 143, 146, 148 • Unit 2, Lesson 11, TE pp. 155, 157, 160, 162 Teacher Table: Intervention Think and Write For example: Repeat the Think and Write activity on Student Book, page 155 with children who struggle. • Use sound boxes and counters. Stretch the sounds
	<ul> <li>in the first word. Place one counter in each box as you move from sound to sound. Have children repeat. them write the words in their journals. • Then model how to connect each sound with a spelling. For example, ask: What is the first sound in ring? What spelling do we write for the /r/ sound? Refer children to sound-spelling cards or your alphabet wall frieze. Remove the counter and replace it with the letter r. • Guide children to orally segment each remaining word, then replace each counter with a spelling. Continue with words such as: hung, long, junk, thank, skunk, stung. (TE p. 156)</li> <li>Unit 2, Lesson 9, TE p. 128</li> <li>Unit 2, Lesson 10, TE p. 142</li> <li>Unit 2, Lesson 9, TE p. 131</li> <li>Unit 2, Lesson 10, TE p. 145</li> <li>Unit 2, Lesson 11, TE p. 159</li> </ul>
	Independent/Partner Work Spell Words Have children complete the Spell It activity for the lesson. Prompt each child to select five words for their partner to write. Have them use the words on the Student Book page to self-correct their work. • Unit 2, Lesson 9, TE p. 130 • Unit 2, Lesson 10, TE p. 144 • Unit 2, Lesson 11, TE p. 158 Dictation Listen and Spell For example:
continued	<ul> <li>Some children might have difficulty distinguishing between /sh/ and /ch/ and misspell words with digraph sh. Give them additional practice sorting, reading, and building words with sh. Teach children a small set of high-utility words (e.g., ship, cash, dish). Have them write the words in their journals. (TE p. 133)</li> <li>Unit 2, Lesson 9, TE p. 133</li> <li>Unit 2, Lesson 10, TE p. 147</li> <li>Unit 2, Lesson 11, TE p. 161</li> </ul>

SE = Student Edition / TE = Teacher's Edition \* SadlierConnect.com, From Phonics to Reading www.SadlierSchool.com • 800-221-5175





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### **READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS STANDARDS**

MARYLAND COLLEGE AND C	AREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 - EXAMPLE CITATIONS
RF.1.3 Know and app analysis skills in a. Know the sp	AREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1 continued ly grade-level phonics and word n decoding words. pelling-sound correspondences for onsonant digraphs.	continued FLUENCY BOOSTER PRACTICE BOOK Lessons 1–30 Decodable Text The Fluency Booster Practice Book builds fluency with engaging decodable texts and effective practice activities. Each grade-level book is organized by skill and aligned to the scope and sequence of Wiley Blevins's From Phonics to Reading, but can be used as a stand-alone supplement for foundational skills practice. Thirty decodable texts for each level develop strong early reading behaviors through repeated readings with activities for building vocabulary, increasing comprehension, and writing in response to text. Each Lesson Plan focuses on the targeted phonics skill, identifies related vocabulary, provides comprehension questions, and guides instruction and practice before, during, and after reading the decodable text.
		Lesson 9: Digraphs sh, th <b>"Beth's Wish"</b> • Lesson 9, pp. 35-36 Lesson 10: Digraphs ch, tch, wh <b>"What Is for Lunch?"</b> • Lesson 10, pp. 39-40 Lesson 11: Digraphs ng, nk <b>"Things with Wings"</b> • Lesson 11, pp. 43-44
		INTERACTIVE PRACTICE BUNDLE* Decodable Library Organized by skill, each online decodable text includes a Teacher Lesson Plan, a recording of a fluent reader, and the ability to print. Students listen to directions, interact with the text, and practice targeted phonics skills and high-frequency words.
		CONSONANT DIGRAPHS <ul> <li>Level A (ng, nk)</li> </ul> <li><b>"The King's Song"</b> <ul> <li>Take-Home Book and Lesson Plan</li> </ul></li>
		CONSONANT DIGRAPHS <ul> <li>Level A (sh, th)</li> </ul> <li><b>"Beth's Wish"</b> Take-Home Book and Lesson Plan</li>
		CONSONANT DIGRAPHS • Level A (sh, th) <b>"The Big Wish"</b> Take-Home Book and Lesson Plan
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## Sadlier School

### **READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS STANDARDS**

MAR	YLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 - EXAMPLE CITATIONS
RF.1.3	<i>continued</i> Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. a. Know the spelling-sound correspondences for common consonant digraphs.	continued Sound Wall Consonant Wall Articulation Videos & Consonant Sound Cards Consonant Wall • Nasals (/ng) • Fricatives (/th/, sh/) • Affricatives (/ch/) Phoneme/Grapheme Cards Grapheme Wall • Digraphs Phoneme/Grapheme Cards See also Lesson Plans The online Lesson Plan that accompanies each of the 60 Level A Take- Home Books identifies the Decodable Words with Phonics Skill for each selection. It also suggests Decodable Words to pretach. Lesson Plans for Student Edition Take-Home Books • TE DIGITAL RESOURCES*- Level A/Unit 1-6/Lesson 1-30/ Instructional Resource/Lesson Plan Lesson Plans for Fluency Booster Practice Book Take-Home Books • FLUENCY BOOSTER TEACHER'S COMPONENT*-Lessons/Lessons 1-30/ Decodable Text Lesson Plan Lesson Plans for Interactive Practice Bundle Take-Home Books • DECODABLE LIBRARY*-SE Decodable Passages and Fluency Booster Practice Book Decodable Texts and Lesson Plans organized by skill. Level A: Decodable Texts Word Analysis Organized by lesson, this guide lists the lesson Target Skill, Word Count, and Target Skill Words (decodable words) for each of the 90 Level A decodable titles-Student Edition: Connected Text (30 titles), Take- Home Books (30 titles); and Fluency Booster Practice Book: Take-Home Books (30 titles); and Fluency Booster Practice Book: T
RF.1.3	Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. b. Decode regularly spelled one-syllable words.	STUDENT EDITION/TEACHER'S EDITION Introduction Learn and Blend/Blend It In each lesson, children learn and apply a phonics skill to decode several regularly spelled one-syllable words in isolation. I-Blends • Unit 2, Lesson 6, SE/TE p. 81 r-Controlled er, ir, ur • Unit 5, Lesson 21, SE/TE p. 297 Long e (y, ey, ie) • Unit 6, Lesson 30, SE/TE p. 425
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MARYLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1

## Sadlier School

### **READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS STANDARDS**

#### **Phonics and Word Recognition**

FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 - EXAMPLE CITATIONS

	continued	continued
RF.1.3	Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. b. Decode regularly spelled one-syllable words.	<ul> <li>Read Connected Text</li> <li>Connected Text/Interact with the Text</li> <li>Children decode regularly spelled one-syllable words in connected text.</li> <li>Lesson 6: I-Blends</li> <li>"The Plan for the Play" <ul> <li>Unit 2, Lesson 6, SE/TE p. 83</li> <li>Lesson 21: r-Controlled er, ir, ur</li> <li>"How to Make a Sandcastle"</li> <li>Unit 5, Lesson 21, SE/TE p. 299</li> <li>Lesson 30: Long e (y, ey, ie)</li> <li>"How to Have Fun at the Zoo"</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
		Unit 6, Lesson 30, SE/TE p. 427
		<ul> <li>Read Connected Text</li> <li>Take-Home Book</li> <li>Children decode regularly spelled one-syllable words in connected text.</li> <li>Lesson 6: I-Blends</li> <li>"What Are These Things?" <ul> <li>Unit 2, Lesson 6, SE/TE pp. 87-88</li> <li>Lesson 21: r-Controlled er, ir, ur</li> <li>"Pam Gets Hurt"</li> <li>Unit 5, Lesson 21, SE/TE pp. 299</li> <li>Lesson 30: Long e (y, ey, ie)</li> <li>"My Super Silly Story"</li> <li>Unit 6, Lesson 30, SE/TE pp. 431-432</li> </ul> </li> <li>Independent Practice <ul> <li>Read and Write</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Unit 2, Lesson 6, SE/TE p. 90</li> <li>Unit 5, Lesson 21, SE/TE p. 306</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Unit 6, Lesson 30, SE/TE p. 434</li> </ul>
		Cumulative Review Build Fluency • Unit 2, Lesson 6, SE/TE p. 91 • Unit 5, Lesson 21, SE/TE p. 307 • Unit 6, Lesson 30, SE/TE p. 435
		TEACHER'S EDITION Introduce Sound-Spelling
		Learn and Blend/Blend It I-Blends Unit 2, Lesson 6, TE p. 81 r-Controlled er, ir, ur Unit 5, Lesson 21, TE p. 297 Long e (y, ey, ie)
		Unit 6, Lesson 30, TE p. 425
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### **READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS STANDARDS**

MARYLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 - EXAMPLE CITATIONS
RF.1.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. b. Decode regularly spelled one-syllable words.	continued         Continued         TE DIGITAL RESOURCES*         Professional Development         High-Impact Routines by Wiley Blevins         High-Impact Routine: Decodable Texts (video)         FLUENCY BOOSTER PRACTICE BOOK         Lessons 1–30         Decodable Text         The Fluency Booster Practice Book builds fluency with engaging decodable texts and effective practice activities. Each grade-level book is organized by skill and aligned to the scope and sequence of Wiley Blevins's From Phonics to Reading, but can be used as a stand-alone
	supplement for foundational skills practice. Thirty decodable texts for each level develop strong early reading behaviors through repeated readings with activities for building vocabulary, increasing comprehension, and writing in response to text. Each Lesson Plan focuses on the targeted phonics skill, identifies related vocabulary, provides comprehension questions, and guides instruction and practice before, during, and after reading the decodable text. Lesson 6: I-Blends <b>"Things on My Block"</b> • Lesson 6, pp. 23-24 Lesson 21: r-Controlled er, ir, ur <b>"The Birds"</b> • Lesson 30: Long e (y, ey, ie) <b>"The Little Red Hen"</b> • Lesson 30, pp. 119-120
	<ul> <li>Lesson 30, pp. 119-120</li> <li>INTERACTIVE PRACTICE BUNDLE*</li> <li>Decodable Library</li> <li>Organized by skill, each online decodable text includes a Teacher Lesson Plan, a recording of a fluent reader, and the ability to print. Students listen to directions, interact with the text, and practice targeted phonics skills and high-frequency words.</li> <li>BLENDS/L-BLENDS <ul> <li>Level A</li> <li>"What Are These Things?"</li> <li>Take-Home Book and Lesson Plan</li> <li>R-CONTROLLED VOWELS/R-CONTROLLED Û</li> <li>Level A</li> <li>"Pam Gets Hurt"</li> <li>Take-Home Book and Lesson Plan</li> <li>LONG VOWELS/LONG E</li> <li>Level A (y, ey, ie)</li> <li>"The Little Red Hen"</li> <li>Take-Home Book and Lesson Plan</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
continued	continued





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### **READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS STANDARDS**

MARYLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1		FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 - EXAMPLE CITATIONS
ā	<i>continued</i> Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. b. Decode regularly spelled one-syllable words.	Continued See also Lesson Plans The online Lesson Plan that accompanies each of the 60 Level A Take- Home Books identifies the Decodable Words with Phonics Skill for each selection. It also suggests Decodable Words to preteach. Lesson Plans for Student Edition Take-Home Books • TE DIGITAL RESOURCES*— Level A/Unit 1-6/Lesson 1-30/ Instructional Resources/Lesson Plan Lesson Plans for Fluency Booster Practice Book Take-Home Books • FLUENCY BOOSTER TEACHER'S COMPONENT*—Lessons/Lessons 1-30/ Decodable Text Lesson Plan/Lesson Plan Lesson Plans for Interactive Practice Bundle Take-Home Books • DECODABLE LIBRARY*—SE Decodable Passages and Fluency Booster Practice Book Decodable Texts and Lesson Plans organized by skill. Level A: Decodable Texts Word Analysis Organized by lesson, this guide lists the lesson Target Skill, Word Count, and Target Skill Words (decodable words) for each of the 90 Level A decodable titles—Student Edition: Connected Text (30 titles), Take- Home Books (30 titles); and Fluency Booster Practice Book: Take-Home Books (30 titles). • TE DIGITAL RESOURCES*— Level A/Overview/Decodable Text Word Analysis/Level A Decodable Text Word Analysis
ā	Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. c. Know final -e and common vowel team conventions for representing long vowel sounds.	Final e STUDENT EDITION/TEACHER'S EDITION Introduction Learn and Blend/Blend It Lesson 12: Final e (a_e, i_e) • Unit 3, Lesson 12, SE/TE p. 167 Lesson 13: Final e (o_e, u_e, e_e) • Unit 3, Lesson 13, SE/TE p. 181 Read Connected Text/ Connected Text/Interact with the Text Lesson 12: Final e (a_e, i_e) "The Plane Ride" • Unit 3, Lesson 12, SE/TE p. 169 Lesson 13: Final e (o_e, u_e, e_e) "My Garden" • Unit 3, Lesson 13, SE/TE p. 183 Word Sort Sort It Out • Unit 3, Lesson 13, SE/TE p. 170 • Unit 3, Lesson 13, SE/TE p. 171-172 • Unit 3, Lesson 13, SE p. 185/TE pp. 185-186
	continued	continued





# Phonics Reading

Correlation of *From Phonics to Reading* Level A / Grade 1 to the Maryland C & CR Standards for English Language Arts

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### **READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS STANDARDS**

#### Phonics and Word Recognition

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MARYLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1

FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 - EXAMPLE CITATIONS

#### continued continued RF.1.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word Final e (cont.) Word Building analysis skills in decoding words. Make New Words c. Know final -e and common vowel team • Unit 3, Lesson 12, SE/TE p. 172 conventions for representing long vowel • Unit 3, Lesson 13, SE/TE p. 186 Read Connected Text sounds. Take-Home Book Lesson 12: Final e (a\_e, i\_e) "The Big Race" • Unit 3, Lesson 12, SE/TE pp. 173-174 Lesson 13: Final e (o\_e, u\_e, e\_e) "Let's Bake a Cake!" • Unit 3, Lesson 13, SE/TE pp. 187-188 Independent Practice Read and Write • Unit 3, Lesson 12, SE/TE p. 176 • Unit 3, Lesson 13, SE/TE p. 190 • Unit 4, Lesson 15, SE/TE p. 220 **Cumulative Review Build Fluency** • Unit 3, Lesson 12, SE/TE p. 177 • Unit 3, Lesson 13, SE/TE p. 191 Unit 4, Lesson 15, SE/TE p. 221 Word Building Word Ladder • Unit 3, Lesson 12, SE/TE p. 178 • Unit 3, Lesson 13, SE/TE p. 192 • Unit 4, Lesson 15, SE/TE p. 222 TEACHER'S EDITION Introduce Sound-Spelling Learn and Blend/Blend It Lesson 12: Final e (a\_e, i\_e) Unit 3, Lesson 12, TE p. 167 Lesson 13: Final e (o\_e, u\_e, e\_e) • Unit 3, Lesson 13, TE p. 181 Word Sort Open Sort/Closed Sort/Check and Discuss For example: Check and Discuss Review the words in each sort category. Ask children what they learned about these words from doing the sort. Guide children to understand that the vowel and final e work together to make a long vowel sound (the vowel says its name), and the final e is silent. This is a different kind of vowel team because the vowels are not side-by-side in the word. Have children record their new learning on the Student Book page. Point out that this word awareness will help them in spelling and reading final e words. (TE p. 170) • Unit 3, Lesson 12, TE p. 170 • Unit 3, Lesson 13, TE p. 184 continued continued



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### **READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS STANDARDS**

#### **Phonics and Word Recognition**

MARYLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1

FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 - EXAMPLE CITATIONS

continued	continued
<ul> <li>RF.1.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.</li> <li>c. Know final -e and common vowel team conventions for representing long vowel sounds.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Sound-Spelling/Blending</li> <li>Cumulative Quick Check         <ul> <li>Unit 3, Lesson 12, TE pp. 171, 173, 176, 178</li> <li>Unit 3, Lesson 13, TE pp. 185, 187, 190, 192</li> </ul> </li> <li>FLUENCY BOOSTER PRACTICE BOOK         <ul> <li>Lessons 1–30</li> <li>Decodable Text</li> <li>The Fluency Booster Practice Book builds fluency with engaging decodable texts and effective practice activities. Each grade-level book is organized by skill and aligned to the scope and sequence of Wiley Blevins's From Phonics to Reading, but can be used as a stand-alone supplement for foundational skills practice.</li> <li>Thirty decodable texts for each level develop strong early reading behaviors through repeated readings with activities for building vocabulary, increasing comprehension, and writing in response to text.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	Each Lesson Plan focuses on the targeted phonics skill, identifies related vocabulary, provides comprehension questions, and guides instruction and practice before, during, and after reading the decodable text. Lesson 12: Final e (a_e, i_e) <b>"Ice Is Nice!"</b> • Lesson 12, pp. 47-48 Lesson 13: Final e (o_e, u_e, e_e) <b>"Pete's Note"</b> • Lesson 13, pp. 51-52 INTERACTIVE PRACTICE BUNDLE*
	Decodable Library         Organized by skill, each online decodable text includes a Teacher Lesson         Plan, a recording of a fluent reader, and the ability to print. Students         listen to directions, interact with the text, and practice targeted phonics         skills and high-frequency words.         LONG VOWELS/FINAL E         • Level A (a_e, i_e)         "Ice Is Nice"         Take-Home Book and Lesson Plan         LONG VOWELS/LONG E         • Level A (ee, ea)         "The Seaside"         Take-Home Book and Lesson Plan
continued	Sound Wall Beginning with the Sound Wall cards, teachers introduce the phoneme skill. The articulation videos reinforce the pronunciation of the sounds and formation of the mouth. Vowel Valley Grapheme Wall Long Vowels <i>continued</i>





# Phonics Reading

Correlation of From Phonics to Reading Level A / Grade 1 to the Maryland C & CR Standards for English Language Arts

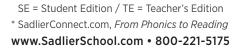
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### **READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS STANDARDS**

#### **Phonics and Word Recognition**

Phonics and word Recognition		
MARYLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 - EXAMPLE CITATIONS	
Phonics and Word Recognition         MARYLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1         continued         RF.1.3       Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.         c.       Know final -e and common vowel team conventions for representing long vowel sounds.	<i>continued</i> <i>See also</i> <i>Lesson Plans</i> The online Lesson Plan that accompanies each of the 60 Level A Take- Home Books identifies the Decodable Words with Phonics Skill for each selection. It also suggests Decodable Words to preteach. <i>Lesson Plans for Student Edition Take-Home Books</i> • TE DIGITAL RESOURCES*- Level A/Unit 1-6/Lesson 1-30/ Instructional Resources/Lesson Plan <i>Lesson Plans for Fluency Booster Practice Book Take-Home Books</i> • FLUENCY BOOSTER TEACHER'S COMPONENT*-Lessons/Lessons 1-30/ Decodable Text Lesson Plan/Lesson Plan <i>Lesson Plans for Interactive Practice Bundle Take-Home Books</i> • DECODABLE LIBRARY*-SE Decodable Passages and Fluency Booster Practice Book Decodable Texts and Lesson Plans organized by skill. <i>Level A: Decodable Texts Word Analysis</i> Organized by lesson, this guide lists the lesson Target Skill, Word Count, and Target Skill Words (decodable words) for each of the 90 Level A decodable titles-Student Edition: Connected Text (30 titles), Take- Home Books (30 titles); and Fluency Booster Practice Book: Take-Home Books (30 titles). • TE DIGITAL RESOURCES*- Level A/Overview/Decodable Text Word Analysis/Level A Decodable Text Word Analysis 	
	<ul> <li>Unit 4, Lesson 15, SE/TE p. 211</li> <li>Lesson 16: Long e (ee, ea)</li> <li>Unit 4, Lesson 16, SE/TE p. 225</li> <li>Lesson 18: Long i (y, igh)</li> <li>Unit 4, Lesson 18, SE/TE p. 253</li> </ul>	
	Read Connected Text Connected Text/Interact with the Text Lesson 15: Long a (ai, ay) "What Will I Paint?" • Unit 4, Lesson 15, SE/TE p. 213 Lesson 16: Long e (ee, ea) "Good Deeds" • Unit 4, Lesson 16, SE/TE p. 227 Lesson 18: Long i (y, igh) "How to Grow a Bean Plant" • Unit 4, Lesson 18, SE/TE p. 255	
	an attinue of	

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### **READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS STANDARDS**

#### **Phonics and Word Recognition**

MARYLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 - EXAMPLE CITATIONS
continued         RF.1.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.         c. Know final -e and common vowel team conventions for representing long vowel sounds.	continued Common Vowel Teams (cont.) Word Sort Sort It Out Unit 4, Lesson 15, SE/TE p. 214 Unit 4, Lesson 16, SE/TE p. 228 Unit 4, Lesson 18, SE/TE p. 256 Dictation Think and Write/Listen and Spell Unit 4, Lesson 18, SE p. 215/TE pp. 215–216 Unit 4, Lesson 16, SE p. 229/TE pp. 229–230 Unit 4, Lesson 18, SE p. 257/TE pp. 257–258 Word Building Make New Words Unit 4, Lesson 18, SE/TE p. 216 Unit 4, Lesson 18, SE/TE p. 216 Unit 4, Lesson 18, SE/TE p. 230 Unit 4, Lesson 18, SE/TE p. 258 Read Connected Text Take-Home Book Lesson 15: Long a (ai, ay) "My Big Trip" Unit 4, Lesson 16, SE/TE pp. 217–218 Lesson 16: Long e (ee, ea) "The Seaside" Unit 4, Lesson 16, SE/TE pp. 231–232 Lesson 18: Long i (y, igh) "The Night Sky" Unit 4, Lesson 18, SE/TE pp. 259–260 Independent Practice Read and Write Unit 4, Lesson 18, SE/TE pp. 259–260 Independent Practice Read and Write Unit 4, Lesson 18, SE/TE pp. 220 Unit 4, Lesson 18, SE/TE pp. 234 Unit 4, Lesson 18, SE/TE pp. 235 Unit 4, Lesson 18, SE/TE pp. 235 Unit 4, Lesson 18, SE/TE pp. 235 Unit 4, Lesson 18, SE/TE pp. 263
continued	Word Building Word Ladder • Unit 4, Lesson 15, SE/TE p. 222 • Unit 4, Lesson 16, SE/TE p. 236 • Unit 4, Lesson 18, SE/TE p. 264 <i>continued</i>

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### **READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS STANDARDS**

MARYLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 - EXAMPLE CITATIONS
continued RF.1.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. c. Know final -e and common vowel team conventions for representing long vowel sounds.	continued Common Vowel Teams (cont.) TEACHER'S EDITION Introduce Sound-Spelling Learn and Blend/Blend It Lesson 15: Long a (ai, ay) • Unit 4, Lesson 15, TE p. 211 Lesson 16: Long e (ee, ea) • Unit 4, Lesson 16, TE p. 225 Lesson 18: Long i (y, igh) • Unit 4, Lesson 18, TE p. 253 Word Sort Open Sort/Closed Sort/Check and Discuss For example: Check and Discuss Review the words in each sort category. Ask children what they learned about these words from doing the sort. Guide children to understand that the ai spelling for long a never appears at the end of a word. Have children record their new learning on the page. Point out that this word awareness will help them in spelling and reading long a words. (TE p. 214) • Unit 4, Lesson 15, TE p. 214 • Unit 4, Lesson 16, TE p. 228 • Unit 4, Lesson 16, TE p. 215, 217, 220, 222 • Unit 4, Lesson 16, TE pp. 215, 217, 220, 222 • Unit 4, Lesson 16, TE pp. 257, 259, 262, 264 continued
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### **READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS STANDARDS**

#### **Phonics and Word Recognition**

MARYLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1

FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 - EXAMPLE CITATIONS

	continued	continued
RF.1.3	<ul><li>Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.</li><li>c. Know final -e and common vowel team conventions for representing long vowel sounds.</li></ul>	Common Vowel Teams (cont.) FLUENCY BOOSTER PRACTICE BOOK Lessons 1–30 Decodable Text The Fluency Booster Practice Book builds fluency with engaging decodable texts and effective practice activities. Each grade-level book is organized by skill and aligned to the scope and sequence of Wiley Blevins's From Phonics to Reading, but can be used as a stand-alone supplement for foundational skills practice.
		Thirty decodable texts for each level develop strong early reading behaviors through repeated readings with activities for building vocabulary, increasing comprehension, and writing in response to text. Each Lesson Plan focuses on the targeted phonics skill, identifies related vocabulary, provides comprehension questions, and guides instruction
		<ul> <li>and practice before, during, and after reading the decodable text.</li> <li>Lesson 15: Long a (ai, ay)</li> <li>"Snail Mail"</li> <li>Lesson 15, pp. 59-60</li> <li>Lesson 16: Long e (ee, ea)</li> <li>"In the Sea"</li> <li>Lesson 16, pp. 63-64</li> <li>Lesson 18: Long i (y, igh)</li> <li>"The Flies"</li> <li>Lesson 18, pp. 71-72</li> </ul>
		INTERACTIVE PRACTICE BUNDLE* Decodable Library Organized by skill, each online decodable text includes a Teacher Lesson Plan, a recording of a fluent reader, and the ability to print. Students listen to directions, interact with the text, and practice targeted phonics skills and high-frequency words.
		LONG VOWELS/LONG A • Level A (ai, ay) <b>"My Big Trip"</b> Take-Home Book and Lesson Plan
		LONG VOWELS/LONG E • Level A (ee, ea) <b>"The Seaside"</b> Take-Home Book and Lesson Plan
		LONG VOWELS/LONG I • Level A (y, igh) <b>"The Night Sky"</b> Take-Home Book and Lesson Plan
	continued	continued





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### **READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS STANDARDS**

MARYLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1		FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 - EXAMPLE CITATIONS
RF.1.3	<i>continued</i> Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. c. Know final -e and common vowel team conventions for representing long vowel sounds.	continued         Sound Wall         Beginning with the Sound Wall cards, teachers introduce the phoneme skill. The articulation videos reinforce the pronunciation of the sounds and formation of the mouth.         Grapheme Wall Long Vowels         See also         Lesson Plans         The online Lesson Plan that accompanies each of the 60 Level A Take-Home Books identifies the Decodable Words with Phonics Skill for each selection. It also suggests Decodable Words to preteach.         Lesson Plans for Student Edition Take-Home Books         • TE DIGITAL RESOURCES*— Level A/Unit 1-6/Lesson 1-30/ Instructional Resources/Lesson Plan         Lesson Plans for Fluency Booster Practice Book Take-Home Books         • FLUENCY BOOSTER TEACHER'S COMPONENT*—Lessons/Lessons 1-30/ Decodable Text Lesson Plan/Lesson Plan         Lesson Plans for Interactive Practice Bundle Take-Home Books         • DECODABLE LIBRARY*—SE Decodable Passages and Fluency Booster Practice Book Decodable Texts and Lesson Plans organized by skill.         Level A: Decodable Texts Word Analysis         Organized by lesson, this guide lists the lesson Target Skill, Word Count, and Target Skill Words (decodable words) for each of the 90 Level A decodable titles—Student Edition: Connected Text (30 titles), Take-Home Books (30 titles); and Fluency Booster Practice Book: Take-Home Books (30 titles).         The DIGITAL RESOURCES*— Level A/Overview/Decodable Text Word Analysis/Level A Decodab
RF.1.3	<ul><li>Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.</li><li>d. Use knowledge that every syllable must have a vowel sound to determine the number of syllables in a printed word.</li></ul>	TEACHER'S EDITION         Phonemic Awareness         Categorize Sounds         • Unit 2, Lesson 6, TE p. 87         • Unit 2, Lesson 8, TE p. 115         • Unit 5, Lesson 20, TE p. 289 <i>High-Frequency Words</i> Read-Spell-Write <i>For example:</i> Say: The word number is spelled n-u-m-b-e-r. Spell it with me: n-u-m-b-e-r.         What is the vowel sound in the first syllable of number? What letter do we write for this sound? (TE p. 412)         • Unit 4, Lesson 19, TE p. 268         • Unit 6, Lesson 29, TE p. 412         • Unit 6, Lesson 30, TE p. 426
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### **READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS STANDARDS**

#### **Phonics and Word Recognition**

MARYLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1

FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 - EXAMPLE CITATIONS

	continued	continued
analysis skills in d. Use knowle a vowel sou	ly grade-level phonics and word n decoding words. dge that every syllable must have Ind to determine the number of a printed word.	<ul> <li>Word Study/Morphology</li> <li>Transition to Longer Words</li> <li>Children choose a syllable from each box to make a word, write the word, and then blend the syllables to read the word.</li> <li>For example:</li> <li>Write the word bunny. Guide children to identify bun as the first syllable and ny, as the second syllable: bun/ny. Point out the long e sound in the syllables to read the word. Next write the word turkey. Divide the word into syllables: tur/key. Point out the r-controlled vowel sound in the first syllable and the long e sound in key, the second syllable. (TE p. 433)</li> <li>Unit 5, Lesson 25, TE p. 361</li> <li>Unit 6, Lesson 30, TE p. 433</li> </ul>
		TE DIGITAL RESOURCES*  Professional Development Instructional Support by Wiley Blevins Multisyllabic Words (video)  Differentiation Supports Syllable Types Syllable Types Word Study/Morphology Closed Syllables Consonant + le Syllables Final e Syllables Open Syllables Open Syllables Vowel Team Syllables r-Controlled Vowel Syllables  Assessment Benchmark PDF Benchmark Assessments Comprehensive Phonics Survey: Nonsense Word Reading
		Comprehensive Phonics Survey: Nonsense Word Reading E. Word Study (Multisyllabic Words) <i>Related content (syllables in a spoken word)</i> <i>Phonemic Awareness</i> Phonemic Manipulation: Delete Syllables Children clap the number syllables in a spoken word. • Unit 5, Lesson 25, TE p. 359 • Unit 5, Lesson 26, TE p. 373 • Unit 5, Lesson 27, TE p. 387 Phonemic Manipulation: Delete and Add Syllables Children clap the number syllables in a spoken word. • Unit 6, Lesson 28, TE p. 403 • Unit 6, Lesson 29, TE p. 417 • Unit 6, Lesson 30, TE p. 431
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### **READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS STANDARDS**

MARYLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1		FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 - EXAMPLE CITATIONS
RF.1.3	continued Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. d. Use knowledge that every syllable must have a vowel sound to determine the number of syllables in a printed word.	continued <u>TE DIGITAL RESOURCES*</u> <i>Overview</i> Phonological Awareness Scope and Sequence Rationale Five Basic Types of Activities Activity Type 4: Oral Segmentation (including counting sounds) <i>Professional Development</i> Instructional Guides Instructional Routines Booklet Routine 9: Phonemic Awareness: Oral Segmentation Connect to Spelling/Multimodal and Multisensory Supports For example: When segmenting by syllables, teach students the "chin drop" technique. Have them place their hand underneath their chin and count the number of chin drops (vowel sounds) as they say the word. Remind students that each syllable has one vowel sound. (p. 20) Pages 19-20
RF.1.3	<ul> <li>Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.</li> <li>e. Decode two-syllable words following basic patterns by breaking the words into syllables.</li> </ul>	STUDENT EDITION/TEACHER'S EDITION         Introduction         Learn and Blend/Blend It         Children decode two-syllable words by breaking the words into syllables         following basic patterns.         Lesson 16: Long e (ee, ea)         • Unit 4, Lesson 16, SE/TE p. 225         Lesson 20: r-Controlled /är/         • Unit 5, Lesson 20, SE/TE p. 283         Diphthong /oi/         • Unit 5, Lesson 25, SE/TE p. 353         TEACHER'S EDITION         Word Study/Morphology         Children decode two-syllable words by breaking the words into syllables.         For example:         Write the compound word birdbath. Ask: How do we divide this word into syllables? Guide children to identify the r-controlled vowel sound in bird and the short a sound in bath. Draw a line between the two syllables: bird/ bath. Have children blend the syllables to read the word. (TE p. 305)         Word Study/Morphology: Transition to Longer Words         • Unit 5, Lesson 20, TE p. 291         Word Study/Morphology: Transition to Longer Words         • Unit 5, Lesson 21, TE p. 305         Word Study/Morphology: Transition to Longer Words         • Unit 6, Lesson 28, TE p. 405
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### **READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS STANDARDS**

MARYLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 - EXAMPLE CITATIONS
continued RF.1.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. e. Decode two-syllable words following basic patterns by breaking the words into syllables.	continued Sound-Spelling/Blending For example: Write the word little. Have children examine the word. Work with them to recall some of the "rules" they learned for breaking words into syllables. Then have them read the word. Repeat with the words rabbit, purple, ended, and mildest. (TE p. 406) Word Study/Morphology: Transition to Longer Words • Unit 5, Lesson 20, TE p. 292 Word Study/Morphology: Transition to Longer Words • Unit 5, Lesson 21, TE p. 306 Word Study/Morphology: Transition to Longer Words • Unit 6, Lesson 28, TE p. 406 Teacher Table: Intervention For example: Repeat the multisyllabic words activity with children who struggled. Remind children that every syllable has only one vowel sound. Then have them examine the parts of the word and use the vowel sound in each to help read the word. (TE p. 292) Word Study/Morphology: Transition to Longer Words • Unit 5, Lesson 20, TE p. 292 Word Study/Morphology: Transition to Longer Words • Unit 5, Lesson 20, TE p. 292 Word Study/Morphology: Transition to Longer Words • Unit 5, Lesson 20, TE p. 292 Word Study/Morphology: Transition to Longer Words • Unit 5, Lesson 20, TE p. 292 Word Study/Morphology: Transition to Longer Words • Unit 5, Lesson 21, TE p. 306 Word Study/Morphology: Transition to Longer Words • Unit 5, Lesson 21, TE p. 306 Word Study/Morphology: Transition to Longer Words • Unit 5, Lesson 21, TE p. 306 Word Study/Morphology: Transition to Longer Words • Unit 6, Lesson 28, TE p. 406
RF.1.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. f. Read words with inflectional endings.	<ul> <li>STUDENT EDITION/TEACHER'S EDITION</li> <li>Word Study/Morphology</li> <li>For example:</li> <li>Write the word dashed. Ask: What word do you see in dashed? Guide children in separating dash (the base word) from ed (the inflectional ending) to identify the word. Then guide them in blending dash and ed to read dashed. Repeat with the word missed. (TE p. 131)</li> <li>Inflectional Ending -s</li> <li>Unit 1, Lesson 2, SE/TE p. 31</li> <li>Inflectional Ending -ed</li> <li>Unit 2, Lesson 9, SE/TE p. 131</li> <li>Inflectional Ending -ing and -ed</li> <li>Unit 3, Lesson 13, SE/TE p. 189</li> <li>TEACHER'S EDITION</li> <li>Sound-Spelling/Blending</li> <li>For example:</li> <li>Write the word dips and have children read it. Ask: What word do you see in dips? If they need help, guide them in separating dip from the -s ending. Repeat with the words fits, rips, wags. (TE p. 32)</li> <li>Word Study/Morphology: Inflectional Ending -s</li> <li>Unit 1, Lesson 9, TE p. 132</li> <li>Word Study/Morphology: Inflectional Ending -ed</li> <li>Unit 3, Lesson 13, TE p. 132</li> </ul>
continued	continued





## Sadlier School

### **READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS STANDARDS**

MARYLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1		FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 - EXAMPLE CITATIONS
RF.1.3	<i>continued</i> Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. f. Read words with inflectional endings.	continued TEACHER'S EDITION Sound-Spelling/Blending For example: Write the word dips and have children read it. Ask: What word do you see in dips? If they need help, guide them in separating dip from the -s ending. Repeat with the words fits, rips, wags. (TE p. 32) Word Study/Morphology: Inflectional Ending -s • Unit 1, Lesson 2, TE p. 32 Word Study/Morphology: Inflectional Ending -ed • Unit 2, Lesson 9, TE p. 132 Word Study/Morphology: Inflectional Endings -ing and -ed • Unit 3, Lesson 13, TE p. 190 Teacher Table: Intervention For example: Repeat the inflectional ending activity with children who struggled. Write each word on an index card and have children read the words. Have them identify the base word in each one. Then guide children to use each word with -ed in a sentence. (TE p. 132) Word Study/Morphology: Inflectional Ending -s • Unit 1, Lesson 2, TE p. 32 Word Study/Morphology: Inflectional Ending -ed • Unit 2, Lesson 9, TE p. 132 Word Study/Morphology: Inflectional Ending -ed • Unit 2, Lesson 9, TE p. 132 Word Study/Morphology: Inflectional Ending -ed • Unit 2, Lesson 9, TE p. 132
RF.1.3	<ul><li>Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.</li><li>g. Recognize and read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words.</li></ul>	STUDENT EDITION/TEACHER'S EDITION High-Frequency Words Read-Spell-Write • Unit 2, Lesson 6, SE/TE p. 82 • Unit 4, Lesson 15, SE/TE p. 212 • Unit 5, Lesson 24, SE/TE p. 340 TEACHER'S EDITION High-Frequency Words Review/Extend • Unit 2, Lesson 6, TE p. 85 • Unit 4, Lesson 15, TE p. 215 • Unit 5, Lesson 24, TE p. 343 Review/Use in Context • Unit 2, Lesson 6, TE p. 87 • Unit 4, Lesson 15, TE p. 217 • Unit 5, Lesson 24, TE p. 345 Build Fluency/Review • Unit 2, Lesson 6, TE p. 92 • Unit 4, Lesson 15, TE p. 222 • Unit 5, Lesson 24, TE p. 350
	continued	continued





## Sadlier School

### **READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS STANDARDS**

MARYLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 - EXAMPLE CITATIONS
continued RF.1.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. g. Recognize and read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words.	continued TE DIGITAL RESOURCES* Overview High-Frequency Words Irregular High-Frequency Words Decodable Text Word Analyses Level A Decodable Text Word Analyses Listed are high-frequency words and the cumulative high- frequency words for every Level A decodable text. Professional Development Instructional Guides Instructional Routines Booklet • Routine 2: High-Frequency Words, p. 4 • Routine 2: Teacher Alerts and Principal Look-Fors, p. 5 • Routine 2: High-Frequency Words Program Sample, p. 5 Assessment Benchmark (Interactive) High-Frequency Words • Level A, Part 1 • Level A, Part 2 • Level A, Part 3 Benchmark Assessments High-Frequency Word Assessments High-Frequency Word Administration & Analyses Differentiation Supports Additional Routines Teacher's Guide to High-Frequency Words Use the Read/Spell/Write/Extend Routine Use Flashcards Build a Log of Cumulative Sentences Play What's Missing? Play Mix and Fix It





## Sadlier, School

### **READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS STANDARDS**

#### Fluency

MARYLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 - EXAMPLE CITATIONS
RF.1.4 Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension. a. Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.	STUDENT EDITION/TEACHER'S EDITION Read Connected Text Connected Text/Interact with the Text For example: Ask questions about the story to check comprehension. Allow children to discuss answers with a partner before you call on a volunteer to answer. Prompt children to answer in complete sentences and find details in the text to support their answers. Say: What problem do Fran and Jan have? Point to the words in the text. How are the sentences in the second section the same? What do they tell you? Do Fran and Jan care about each other? Explain how you know. ( <i>TE p. 383</i> ) Lesson 1: Short a "My Cat" • Unit 1, Lesson 1, SE/TE p. 11 Lesson 10: Digraphs ch, tch, wh "Our Dog Butch" • Unit 2, Lesson 10, SE/TE p. 139 Lesson 27: r-Controlled are, air, ear "Fran and Jan" • Unit 5, Lesson 27, SE/TE p. 383 Read Connected Text Take-Home Book For example: Check Comprehension Ask questions about the story. Allow children to discuss answers with a partner before you call on them to answer. Prompt children to answer in complete sentences and find details in the text or illustrations to support their answers. • Why do Dad and Mitch sit on a bench? How do you think they feel as they sit and hear the clock tick? • Why do Dad and Mitch sit on a bench? How do you think they feel as they sit and hear the clock tick? • Why do Dud thich sit on a bench? How do you think they feel as they sit and hear the clock tick? • Why do Dud the sindwich? ( <i>TE p. 144</i> ) Lesson 10: Digraphs ch, tch, wh "What Do We Like?" • Unit 1, Lesson 1, SE/TE pp. 15–16 Lesson 10: Digraphs ch, tch, wh "What Do We Like?" • Unit 1, Lesson 10, SE/TE pp. 143–144 Lesson 27: r-Controlled are, air, ear "The Three Bears: A Retelling" • Unit 5, Lesson 27, SE/TE pp. 387–388 continued
continued	Continued





## Sadlier School

### **READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS STANDARDS**

#### Fluency

MARYLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1

FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 - EXAMPLE CITATIONS

	continued	continued
RF.1.4	Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension. a. Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.	<ul> <li>FLUENCY BOOSTER PRACTICE BOOK</li> <li>Lessons 1-30</li> <li>Decodable Text</li> <li>The Fluency Booster Practice Book builds fluency with engaging decodable texts and effective practice activities. Each grade-level book is organized by skill and aligned to the scope and sequence of Wiley Blevins's From Phonics to Reading, but can be used as a stand-alone supplement for foundational skills practice.</li> <li>Thirty decodable texts for each level develop strong early reading behaviors through repeated readings with activities for building vocabulary, increasing comprehension, and writing in response to text.</li> <li>Each Lesson Plan focuses on the targeted phonics skill, identifies related vocabulary, provides comprehension questions, and guides instruction and practice before, during, and after reading the decodable text.</li> <li>Lesson 1: Short a <ul> <li>"I Like"</li> <li>Take-Home Book, pp. 3-4</li> <li>Comprehension and Vocabulary, p. 5</li> <li>Writing, p. 6</li> </ul> </li> <li>Lesson 10: Digraphs ch, tch, wh <ul> <li>"What Is for Lunch?"</li> <li>Take-Home Book, pp. 39-40</li> <li>Comprehension and Vocabulary, p. 41</li> <li>Writing, p. 42</li> </ul> </li> <li>Lesson 27: r-Controlled are, air, ear <ul> <li>"What a Pair!"</li> <li>Take-Home Book, pp. 107-108</li> <li>Comprehension and Vocabulary, p. 109</li> <li>Writing, p. 110</li> </ul> </li> <li>TE DIGITAL RESOURCES*</li> <li>Units 1-6</li> <li>Lessons 1-30: Instructional Resources: Take-Home Book Lesson Plan</li> <li>Each Decodable Text Lesson Plan provides After Reading comprehension questions that help children read with purpose and demonstrate understanding.</li> </ul>
		Unit 1, Lesson 1: Short a <b>"What Do We Like?" Lesson Plan</b> Unit 2, Lesson 10: Digraphs ch, tch, wh <b>"Will We Win?" Lesson Plan</b> Unit 5, Lesson 27: r-Controlled are, air, ear
	continued	"The Three Bears: A Retelling" Lesson Plan
	continued	continued

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### **READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS STANDARDS**

#### Fluency

MARYLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 - EXAMPLE CITATIONS
continued RF.1.4 Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension. a. Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.	continued FLUENCY BOOSTER TEACHER'S COMPONENT* Lessons 1–30 Decodable Text Lesson Plan Each Decodable Text Lesson Plan provides After Reading comprehension questions that help children read with purpose and demonstrate understanding. Lesson 1: Short a "I Like" Lesson 10: Digraphs ch, tch, wh "What Is for Lunch?" Lesson 27: r-Controlled are, air, ear "What a Pair!"
<ul> <li>RF.1.4 Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.</li> <li>b. Read grade-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.</li> </ul>	STUDENT EDITION/TEACHER'S EDITION         Introduction         Daily Practice         Build Fluency         Read the lesson words each day by yourself and to a partner.         • Unit 1, Lesson 3, SE/TE p. 37         • Unit 4, Lesson 15, SE/TE p. 211         • Unit 5, Lesson 24, SE/TE p. 339         TEACHER'S EDITION         Read Connected Text         Connected Text         Have children point to each word as they chorally read the text aloud.         Lesson 3: Short o         "Bob's Job"         • Unit 1, Lesson 3, TE p. 39         Lesson 15: Long a (ai, ay)         "What Will I Paint?"         • Unit 4, Lesson 15, TE p. 213         Lesson 24: Diphthong /ou/ (ou, ow)         "Flowers All Around"         • Unit 5, Lesson 24, SE/TE p. 341         Read Connected Text         Take-Home Book         First Read (Read Together)         Have children point to each word as they chorally read the text aloud.         Lesson 3: Short o         "The Frog"         • Unit 1, Lesson 3, TE p. 44         Lesson 15: Long a (ai, ay)         "My Big Trip"         • Unit 4, Lesson 15, TE p. 218         Lesson 24: Diphthong /ou/ (ou, ow)         "The Parade Is in Town"
continued	continued



## Sadlier School

### **READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS STANDARDS**

#### Fluency

MARYLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1

FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 - EXAMPLE CITATIONS

continued	continued
<ul> <li>RF.1.4 Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.</li> <li>b. Read grade-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.</li> </ul>	Read Connected Text         Take-Home Book         Second Read (Develop Fluency)         Have children whisper-read the book or read it to a partner.         • Unit 1, Lesson 3, TE p. 47         • Unit 4, Lesson 15, TE p. 221         • Unit 5, Lesson 24, TE p. 349         Independent/Partner Work         Build Fluency         Have children reread Take-Home Books from previous weeks.         • Unit 1, Lesson 3, TE p. 40         • Unit 4, Lesson 15, TE p. 214         • Unit 5, Lesson 24, TE p. 342         Reread Connected Text         Have children reread the lesson Connected Text.         • Unit 1, Lesson 3, TE p. 41         • Unit 1, Lesson 15, TE p. 215         • Unit 1, Lesson 15, TE p. 215         • Unit 1, Lesson 24, TE p. 343         Take-Home Book         Build Fluency         Have children reread stories in their Take-Home Book folders.         • Unit 1, Lesson 3, TE p. 433         Take-Home Book         Build Fluency         Have children read their Take-Home Book with their families.         • Unit 1, Lesson 15, TE p. 213         • Unit 1, Lesson 3, TE p. 43         • Unit 1, Lesson 14, Te p. 351         Home-School Connection         Build Fluency         Have children read their
continued	continued

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## Sadlier School

### **READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS STANDARDS**

#### Fluency

MARYLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1

FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 - EXAMPLE CITATIONS

	continued	continued
support con b. Read gra	ufficient accuracy and fluency to nprehension. ade-level text orally with accuracy, ate rate, and expression on successive	Differentiation Supports Additional Routines Fluency Routines and Minilessons, Level A Lesson 2: Introduce the Repeated Reading Fluency Routine Lesson 3: Model Fluency: Intonation (end punctuation) Lesson 5: Choral Read Lesson 11: Reader's Theater Lesson 13: Audiobook Modeling Lesson 15: Echo Read/*Assess Fluency (wcpm) Lesson 20: Repeated Readings Lesson 29: 2-Minute Drills Units 1–6 Student and Family Resources
		Student Fluency Sentences Frequent, repeated readings of words with previously taught skills accelerate children's phonics mastery. The practice page includes five sentences for each lesson in the Unit. Unit Speed Drill Build Fluency Instructional Resources Unit Speed Drill Instructional Resource Build Fluency For example: Guide children to read one-syllable words with long vowels to build fluency and determine skill deficits for small group instruction. This activity builds mastery of a set of words containing cumulative skills from Units 2 and 4. The set of words is repeated multiple times in the 50- word grid. (Unit 4 Speed Drill)
		Lessons 1–30: Instructional Resources: Take-Home Book Lesson Plan Before Reading <i>English-Learner Supports</i> Have children listen to and follow along with the book. Then do an echo read and discuss key ideas. During Reading <i>Technique</i> Have children whisper-read the book and then do a choral read. After Reading <i>Fluency Plan</i> On the following day, have partners reread the book. On the day after that, have children independently reread the book and make a list of all the words with the lesson phonics skill.
	continued	Unit 1, Lesson 3: Short o <b>"The Frog" Lesson Plan</b> Unit 4, Lesson 15: Long a (ai, ay) <b>"My Big Trip" Lesson Plan</b> Unit 5, Lesson 24: Diphthong /ou/ (ou, ow) <b>"The Parade Is in Town" Lesson Plan</b> <i>continued</i>



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## Sadlier, School

### **READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS STANDARDS**

#### Fluency

MARYLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 - EXAMPLE CITATIONS
continued RF.1.4 Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension. b. Read grade-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.	continued FLUENCY BOOSTER PRACTICE BOOK Fluency Practice Fluency Practice Fluency Practice 1-4 Children read each sentence on their own, then read the sentences to a partner. The Progress Check includes a check box for up to five readings and questions to measure reading fluency. How was my reading? Did I read each word correctly? Did I read a sentence that end of a question? Did I read a sentence that ends with a period (.) the way I talk? Did I raise my voice at the end of a question? Did I read a sentence that ends with a period (.) the way I talk? Did I chunk longer sentences into smaller parts to read them better? FLUENCY BOOSTER TEACHER'S COMPONENT* Fach Lesson Decodable Text Lesson Plan Before Reading English-Learner Supports Have children listen to and follow along with the book. Then do an echo read and discuss key ideas. During Reading Fluency Plan On the following day, have partners reread the book. On the day after that, have children independently reread the book and make a list of all the words with the lesson phonics skill. Lesson 3: Short o "Jump" Lesson Plan Lesson 24: Diphthong /ou/ (ou, ow) "Up and Down" Lesson Plan





## Sadlier, School

### **READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS STANDARDS**

#### Fluency

MARYLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRA	DE 1 FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 – EXAMPLE CITATIONS
RF.1.4 Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency t support comprehension. c. Use context to confirm or self-correct w recognition and understanding, rereadir necessary	ord Read Connected Text Connected Text Children use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition,





## Sadlier, School

### LANGUAGE STANDARDS

#### Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

MAI	RYLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 - EXAMPLE CITATIONS
L.1.4	<ul> <li>Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on <i>grade 1 reading and content</i>, choosing flexibly from an array of strategies.</li> <li>a. Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>TEACHER'S EDITION</li> <li>Read Connected Text</li> <li>Connected Text</li> <li>Connected Text</li> <li>Children use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition, rereading as necessary.</li> <li>For example:</li> <li>If children have difficulty with any word, stop and provide corrective feedback (e.g., model how to sound it out). Then have children reread the sentence with the correct word. Confirm that the word is correct by asking children to use other cues. For example, ask, Does the word make sense in the sentence? (TE p. 241)</li> <li>"The Big Bag"</li> <li>Unit 1, Lesson 2, TE p. 25</li> <li>"The Plane Ride"</li> <li>Unit 3, Lesson 13, TE p. 169</li> <li>"Let's Go Camping"</li> <li>Unit 4, Lesson 17, TE p. 241</li> <li>Read Connected Text</li> <li>Take-Home Book</li> <li>First Read (Read Together)</li> <li>For example:</li> <li>Have children to use other cues. (TE p. 102)</li> <li>"The Best Snack"</li> <li>Unit 2, Lesson 17, TE p. 102</li> <li>"The Boat"</li> <li>Unit 4, Lesson 17, TE p. 246</li> <li>"The Boat"</li> <li>Unit 4, Lesson 17, TE p. 248</li> </ul>
L.1.4	<ul><li>Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 1 reading and content, choosing flexibly from an array of strategies.</li><li>b. Use requently occurring affixes as a clue to the meaning of a word.</li></ul>	<ul> <li>STUDENT EDITION/TEACHER'S EDITION</li> <li>Word Study/Morphology</li> <li>For example:</li> <li>Write the word dashed. Ask: What word do you see in dashed? Guide children in separating dash (the base word) from ed (the inflectional ending) to identify the word. Then guide them in blending dash and ed to read dashed. Repeat with the word missed. (TE p. 131)</li> <li>Inflectional Ending -s</li> <li>Unit 1, Lesson 2, SE/TE p. 31</li> <li>Inflectional Ending -ed</li> <li>Unit 2, Lesson 9, SE/TE p. 131</li> <li>Inflectional Endings -ing and -ed</li> <li>Unit 3, Lesson 13, SE/TE p. 189</li> </ul>





## Sadlier, School

### LANGUAGE STANDARDS

#### Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

MARYLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1		FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 - EXAMPLE CITATIONS
L.1.4	<ul> <li>Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on <i>grade 1 reading and content</i>, choosing flexibly from an array of strategies.</li> <li>c. Identify frequently occurring root words (e.g., look) and their inflectional forms (e.g. looks, looked, looking).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>STUDENT EDITION/TEACHER'S EDITION</li> <li>Word Study/Morphology</li> <li>For example:</li> <li>Write the word dashed. Ask: What word do you see in dashed? Guide children in separating dash (the base word) from ed (the inflectional ending) to identify the word. Then guide them in blending dash and ed to read dashed. Repeat with the word missed. (TE p. 131)</li> <li>Inflectional Ending -s</li> <li>Unit 1, Lesson 2, SE/TE p. 31</li> <li>Inflectional Ending -ed</li> <li>Unit 2, Lesson 9, SE/TE p. 131</li> <li>Inflectional Endings -ing and -ed</li> <li>Unit 3, Lesson 13, SE/TE p. 189</li> </ul>
L.1.5	<ul><li>With guidance and support from adults, demonstrate understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings.</li><li>a. Sort words into categories (e.g., colors, clothing) to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent.</li></ul>	<ul> <li>TEACHER'S EDITION</li> <li>Word Sort</li> <li>Open Sort</li> <li>For example:</li> <li>Open Sort Read each word with children to make sure they know all the words. Have partners discuss ways to sort the words. Invite children to share their ideas and model their sort. (TE p. 242)</li> <li>Unit 1, Lesson 3, TE p. 40</li> <li>Unit 4, Lesson 17, TE p. 242</li> <li>Unit 6, Lesson 29, TE p. 414</li> </ul>
L.1.5	<ul> <li>With guidance and support from adults, demonstrate understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings.</li> <li>b. Define words by category and by one or more key attributes (e.g., a <i>duck</i> is a bird that swims; a <i>tiger</i> is a large cat with stripes).</li> </ul>	This criterion is beyond the scope of this supplemental foundational skills program.
L.1.5	<ul> <li>With guidance and support from adults, demonstrate understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings.</li> <li>c. Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at home that are <i>cozy</i>).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>This criterion is beyond the scope of this supplemental foundational skills program. Citations of related content are provided.</li> <li>TEACHER'S EDITION</li> <li>Home-School Connection</li> <li>Build Fluency</li> <li>Children write alternative sentences reflecting home and school experiences with words containing target skills.</li> <li>Unit 2, Lesson 6, TE p. 87</li> <li>Unit 4, Lesson 15, TE p. 217</li> <li>Unit 5, Lesson 24, TE p. 345</li> </ul>





# Phonics Reading

Correlation of *From Phonics to Reading* Level A / Grade 1 to the Maryland C & CR Standards for English Language Arts

## Sadlier School

### LANGUAGE STANDARDS

#### Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

MARYLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1	FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 - EXAMPLE CITATIONS
<ul> <li>L.1.5 With guidance and support from adults, demonstrate understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings.</li> <li>d. Distinguish shades of meaning among verbs differing in manner (e.g., <i>look, peek, glance, stare, glare, scowl</i>) and adjectives differing in intensity (e.g., <i>large, gigantic</i>) by defining or choosing them or by acting out the meanings.</li> </ul>	These criteria are beyond the scope of this supplemental foundational skills program. Citations of related content are provided. TEACHER'S EDITION Teacher Table: English Learners Vocabulary Act out the meanings of lesson words. For example: Each day, select several words from the Blend It lines on Student Book, page 167. Focus on words whose meanings can be explained or demonstrated in a concrete way. For example, hold up a tape dispenser, open to a page in a book, or smile. Point to your watch or the clock as you ask: What time is it? (TE p. 167) Long e • Unit 4, Lesson 16, TE p. 225 r-Controlled Vowel /är/ • Unit 5, Lesson 20, TE p. 283 Diphthong /oi/ • Unit 5, Lesson 25, TE p. 353
L.1.6 Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts, including using frequently occurring conjunctions to signal simple relationships (e.g., <i>because</i> ).	STUDENT EDITION/TEACHER'S EDITION         Introduction         Daily Practice         Write About It         Use the lesson words to create a story. Draw a box around the words         from the list that you used.         • Unit 1, Lesson 2, SE/TE p. 23         • Unit 4, Lesson 17, SE/TE p. 239         • Unit 6, Lesson 29, SE/TE p. 411         Read Connected Text         Interact with the Text         Children discuss answers to the question then write about it using study words.         • Unit 1, Lesson 17, SE/TE p. 25         • Unit 4, Lesson 17, SE/TE p. 241         • Unit 6, Lesson 29, SE/TE p. 413         Dictation         Listen and Spell         Children write teacher-dictated words and phrases.         • Unit 1, Lesson 2, SE p. 27/TE pp. 27-28         • Unit 1, Lesson 17, SE p. 243/TE pp. 243-244         • Unit 4, Lesson 17, SE p. 243/TE pp. 243-244         • Unit 6, Lesson 29, SE p. 415/TE pp. 415-416         TEACHER'S EDITION         High-Frequency Words         Use in Context         Children complete each sentence using one of the high-frequency words         listed on the page.         • Unit 1, Lesson 14, TE p. 203         • Unit 5, Lesson 22, TE p. 317
continued	continued





# Phonics Reading.

Correlation of From Phonics to Reading Level A / Grade 1 to the Maryland C & CR Standards for English Language Arts

## Sadlier School

### LANGUAGE STANDARDS

L.1.6

#### Vocabulary Acquisition and Use MARYLAND COLLEGE AND CAREER READY STANDARDS FOR ELA, GRADE 1 FROM PHONICS TO READING, LEVEL A / GRADE 1 - EXAMPLE CITATIONS continued continued Use words and phrases acquired through High-Frequency Words Extend conversations, reading and being read to, and Prompt children to expand on one sentence by combining two ideas responding to texts, including using frequently using the conjunction and. • Unit 2, Lesson 6, TE p. 85 occurring conjunctions to signal simple • Unit 4, Lesson 15, TE p. 215 relationships (e.g., because). • Unit 5, Lesson 24, TE p. 343 Writing Extension Write About It Children use words from thte story when writing about the lesson Take-Home Book. • Unit 2, Lesson 7, TE p. 107 • Unit 4, Lesson 16, TE p. 237 • Unit 6, Lesson 30, TE p. 437 FLUENCY BOOSTER PRACTICE BOOK Lessons 1-30 Decodable Text The Fluency Booster Practice Book builds fluency with engaging decodable texts and effective practice activities. Each grade-level book is organized by skill and aligned to the scope and sequence of Wiley Blevins's From Phonics to Reading, but can be used as a stand-alone supplement for foundational skills practice. Thirty decodable texts for each level develop strong early reading behaviors through repeated readings with activities for building vocabulary, increasing comprehension, and writing in response to text. Each Lesson Plan focuses on the targeted phonics skill, identifies related vocabulary, provides comprehension questions, and guides instruction and practice before, during, and after reading the decodable text. Lesson 1: Short a "I Like" Comprehension and Vocabulary, p. 5 • Writing, p. 6 Lesson 10: Digraphs ch, tch, wh "What Is for Lunch?" Comprehension and Vocabulary, p. 41 • Writing, p. 42 Lesson 27: r-Controlled are, air, ear "What a Pair!" • Comprehension and Vocabulary, p. 109 • Writing, p. 110



